

## THE HAZARDS OF SITTING

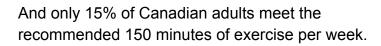
Are you sitting comfortably? Well, you might want to change that. According to research, too much sitting can wreak havoc on <u>your body and your health</u>.

Most Canadians spend about 69% of their waking hours sitting or being sedentary.



Light physical activity

Moderate-to-vigorous physical activity



24 MINUTES The set of the set of

Extended periods of sitting have been linked to short and long-term impacts on the human body.

ACUTE EFFECTS	CHRONIC EFFECTS
Felt within 0-7 days of prolonged sitting.	Felt 7 or more days after prolonged sitting.
metabolism changes	<ul> <li>higher risk of developing diabetes, cardiovascular disease, some cancers</li> </ul>
reduced load on skeleton weakens oones	▶ weight gain
	► depression
Bus drivers had a higher risk of heart disease and twice the number of heart attacks than conductors who stood all day, according to a British study in the 1950s.	musculoskeletal symptoms
	<ul> <li>increased risk of premature death</li> </ul>

## **REDUCING THE DAMAGE**

Simply standing up every 30 minutes is *cardio-metabolically protective*...



...meaning it can help reduce your risk of heart attack, stroke and diabetes.

## HOW TO MOVE MORE & SIT LESS

- Walk around while you're talking on the phone
- Take regular breaks from your desk at work to get water or walk to a central waste basket
- Walk instead of taking the car for short errands
- Limit the amount of time you spend on the computer or watching TV
- Use a standing desk if possible, or sit on a therapy ball instead of a chair

REFERENCES

Canadian Health Measures Survey. Directly measured physical activity of Canadians, 2007 to 2011. Statistics Canada.

Sedentary Behaviour. Canadian Cancer Society.

Physical activity of Canadian adults: Accelerometer results from the 2007 to 2009 Canadian Health Measures Survey. Statistics Canada. Dr. Genevieve Heaty, School of Population Health, University of Queenland.